Sound Tolerance Interview

[Note to clinici	an: Use this	intervi	ew only	if the pati	ent alrea	dy has re	ported a s	sound tol	erance p	roblem	.]	
[Note to clinician: Use this interview only if the patient already has reported a sound tolerance problem.] Instructions to patients: You told me that some sounds are uncomfortable for you when they seem normal to other people around you. We refer to this as difficulty tolerating sound. I am going to ask you some questions about difficulty tolerating sound. When you answer the questions, think back to how you have been doing over the last week or so.												
1. Do you wes ☐ No — ☐ Yes	ar hearing go to Quest											
(If YES) A	re everyday	sounds	s too loud	d when yo	ou are we	earing yo	ur hearing	g aids?				
□ No □ Yes												
(If YES) A	re everyday	sounds	s too loud	d when yo	ou are <i>no</i>	t wearing	g your hea	aring aid	s?			
□ No □ Yes												
making compre patient is not be	[Note to clinician: If the sound tolerance problem appears to be caused by sounds amplified by hearing aids, consider making compression, maximum power output (MPO), and/or other adjustments to the aids to improve comfort. If the patient is not bothered by sound when unaided, then it is possible that all that is needed is to adjust the hearing aids for comfort. Consider giving the patient manual control of the volume.]								•			
2. Is there an	ything you	want	to be do	ing, but	are not	doing l	oecause (of diffic	ulty tol	erating	g sound?	
helpful on a s	3. Have you used any of the following to help with difficulty tolerating sound? If so, please indicate how helpful on a scale of 0 to 10. ("0" would be "not at all"; "10" would be "extremely helpful.") □ Using background sound											
	w helpful?			2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
☐ Grad	ually listeni	ng to th	e types o	of sounds	that are	uncomfo	rtable to g	get used t	to them			
	w helpful?		1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	xation techn	-	1 /		4	5	(7	0	0	10	
	w helpful? cations	U	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	w helpful?	0	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	w helpful?	0	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
□ Othe Ho	r w helpful?	0	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
4. On a scale of 0 to 10, how confident are you that you can improve your tolerance to sound? ("0" would be "not at all"; "10" would be "completely ready.")												
							nge and re	adiness t	o begin m	nanaging	the condition.]	
0	1 2		3	4 5	6	7	8	9	10			
5. On a scale of 0 to 10, how much does difficulty tolerating sound affect your life? ("0" would be "not at all"; "10" would be "as much as you can imagine.")												
0	1 2		3	4 5	6	7	8	9	10			
6. What kinds of sounds are bothersome to you? Why are they bothersome? [Clinician: check all categories that apply; circle any sounds that the patient identifies as a problem; write in any additional sounds mentioned by the patient; for each category selected, select one or more of the reasons why the sound is uncomfortable.]								le.]				
	-nitched so									_ 57226		٦.

1

\Box Too loud; \Box Annoying; \Box Make	me angry	r; □ Make 1	me anxious; 🗆 (Overwhe	lming; □ I a	avoid		
Comments/examples								
☐ Low-pitched sounds (bass from radio	o, next do	or music,)			
☐ Too loud; ☐ Annoying; ☐ Make	me angry	; □ Make i	ne anxious; □ (Overwhe	_ lming; □ I a	avoid		
Comments/examples								
☐ Traffic (warning) sounds (emergence	cy vehicle	sirens, car	horns, back-up	beeper o	on truck/va	n,)
\Box Too loud; \Box Annoying; \Box Make	me angry	'; □ Make 1	me anxious; \Box	Overwhe	lming; 🗆 I a	avoid		
Comments/examples								
☐ Traffic (background) sounds (road in)
\square Too loud; \square Annoying; \square Make	me angry	'; □ Make 1	me anxious; \Box (Overwhel	lming; □ I a	avoid		
Comments/examples			 					
\square Other background sounds (crowd n)
\Box Too loud; \Box Annoying; \Box Make	me angry	r; □ Make 1	me anxious; \Box (Overwhe	lming; □ I a	avoid		
Comments/examples								_
☐ Sudden impact sounds (door slam, c		-				-)
\Box Too loud; \Box Annoying; \Box Make	me angry	'; □ Make 1	me anxious; \Box (Overwhel	lming; □ I a	avoid		
Comments/examples								_
□ Voices (television, radio, movies, chi			•	•)
\Box Too loud; \Box Annoying; \Box Make	me angry	r; ⊔ Make 1	me anxıous; \Box (Overwhe	lmıng; ∐ I a	ivoid		
Comments/examples								_
☐ Oral (mouth) sounds (chewing, brea	•	•	~ ~	211)
☐ Too loud; ☐ Annoying; ☐ Make	me angry	'; ⊔ Make i	ne anxious; \Box	Jverwne	ımıng; ⊔ 1 a	ivoid		
Comments/examples								_
□ Nasal (nose) sounds (sniffing, sniffli□ Too loud; □ Annoying; □ Make				Overnych o	lmina: 🗆 I d)
	me angry	', □ Make I	ne anxious; \square	Jverwne.	ımıng; ⊔ ı a	ivoid		
Comments/examples		• 1	1: ,	<u>.</u>				_
☐ Human-movement sounds (pen clicl ☐ Too loud; ☐ Annoying; ☐ Make			U				,)
	ine angry	, - Make 1	ine anxious, \square		$ming, \Box 1$	ivoid		
Comments/examples Other (describe			···					_
☐ Too loud; ☐ Annoying; ☐ Make	me anory	□ Make ı	me anxious. 🗆 (Overwhe	lmino: 🗆 I a	avoid		-
Comments/examples	ine ungry	, - mare	ine unxious, = \		g, <u>_</u> 1 0	word		
*								-
7. I'm going to read a list of activities. Ple	ase tell n	ne how of	ften difficulty	tolerat	ing sound	is a pi	roblem	
during these activities. (Clinician: check avoids if the patient avoids any	y of these a	activities du	e to difficulty to	lerating so	ound; if an a	ctivity is	a voided, yc	u
can check two boxes for that activity)	,		Ž	C	ŕ		,	
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Always	N/A	Avoids	
Concerts		•			•			
Watching movies in a theater								
Watching TV or movies at home	ļ							
Shopping								
Going to restaurants Attending religious services	-							
Auchanig rengious services	Ī	1		I	1	1	1 1	

Driving Housekeeping activities		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Always	N/A	Avoids	
Driving									
Housekeeping activities Childcare Social activities Participating in or observing sports events Participating in or observing performances	Day-to-day responsibilities outside of work								
Childcare Social activities Participating in or observing sports events Participating in or observing performances Hobbies Attending class (in person) Attending class (in person) Attending health care appointments 8. How much time do you spend in quiet or silence? Social arge amount of time A small amount A moderate amount A moderate amount A ingreamount of time Most of the time All of the time All of the time Social arge amount of time of the seconditions. Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) Anxiety disorder Head injury (concussion, traumatic brain injury) Sleep problems Depression Migraines Other 10. Do you ever use carplugs or carmuffs? No — Go to Question 10 Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs? No — Go to Question 10 Yes [Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly quies situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understan that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	Driving								
Social activities Participating in or observing sports events Participating in or observing performances Hobbies Sharing meals with others Attending class (in person) Attending health care appointments 8. How much time do you spend in quiet or silence? □ None or very little □ A small amount □ A large amount of time □ Most of the time □ All of the time □ All of the time □ Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) □ Anxiety disorder □ Head injury (concussion, traumatic brain injury) □ Sleep problems □ Depression □ Migraines □ Other 10. Do you ever use carplugs or carmuffs? □ No → Go to Question 10 □ Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs?% (If YES) Do you ever use carplugs or earmuffs in fairly quiet situations? □ No □ Post-traumatic stress disorder that the will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems many wear hearing protection in fairly quiet situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understan that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	Housekeeping activities								
Participating in or observing sports events Participating in or observing performances Sharing meals with others Attending class (in person) Attending class (in person) Attending health care appointments 8. How much time do you spend in quiet or silence? None or very little A small amount A moderate amount A moderate amount A large amount of time Most of the time All of the time Most of the time All of the time Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) Anxiety disorder Head injury (concussion, traumatic brain injury) Sleep problems Depression Migraines Other 10. Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs? No Go to Question 10 Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs?% (If YES) Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs in fairly quiet situations? No Yes Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly quiet situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understan that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	Childcare								
Participating in or observing performances									
Participating in or observing performances	Participating in or observing sports events								
Sharing meals with others Attending class (in person) Attending health care appointments 8. How much time do you spend in quiet or silence? □ None or very little □ A small amount □ A large amount of time □ Most of the time □ All of the time □ Anxiety disorder □ Head injury (concussion, traumatic brain injury) □ Sleep problems □ Depression □ Migraines □ Other 10. Do you ever use carplugs or earmuffs? □ No → Go to Question 10 □ Yes (If YES) Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs in fairly quiet situations? □ No □ Yes [Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understant that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotectears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	Participating in or observing performances								
Attending class (in person) Attending health care appointments 8. How much time do you spend in quiet or silence? None or very little A small amount A moderate amount A moderate amount of time Most of the time 9. I'm going to read a list of health conditions that sometimes cause difficulty tolerating sound. Please to me if you have been diagnosed with any of these conditions. Post-trumatic stress disorder (PTSD) Anxiety disorder Head injury (concussion, traumatic brain injury) Sleep problems Depression Migraines Other 10. Do you ever use earplugs or carmuffs? No → Go to Question 10 Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs? No □ Yes No □ Yes No to lyes No use earplugs or earmuffs in fairly quiet situations? No □ Yes No to you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understant that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)									
### Attending health care appointments ### 8. How much time do you spend in quiet or silence? None or very little A small amount A large amount of time Most of the time All of the									
8. How much time do you spend in quiet or silence? None or very little A small amount A large amount of time Most of the time All of the time All of the time Street of the time All of the time Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) Anxiety disorder Head injury (concussion, traumatic brain injury) Sleep problems Depression Migraines Other No → Go to Question 10 Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs? No Yes No to to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understan that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect cars due to problems with sound tolerance?)	<u> </u>								
None or very little A small amount A small amount A large amount of time Most of the time All of the time All of the time All of the time Sound of the time Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) Anxiety disorder Head injury (concussion, traumatic brain injury) Sleep problems Depression Migraines Other 10. Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs? No → Go to Question 10 Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs? No to to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other peoplaround you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly quistituations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understan that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	Attending health care appointments								
□ Migraines □ Other 10. Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs? □ No → Go to Question 10 □ Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs?	9. I'm going to read a list of health condition me if you have been diagnosed with an Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) Anxiety disorder Head injury (concussion, traumatic brown Sleep problems	y of the	se condit		iculty to	lerating s	ound.	Please te	
□ Other 10. Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs? □ No → Go to Question 10 □ Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs?	<u>-</u>								
10. Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs? □ No → Go to Question 10 □ Yes (If YES) What percentage of your awake time do you use earplugs or earmuffs?% (If YES) Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs in fairly quiet situations? □ No □ Yes [Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understant that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)									
(If YES) Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs in fairly quiet situations? No Yes Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understant that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	10. Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs: □ No → Go to Question 10	?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
No Yes [Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understant that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	(If YES) What percentage of your awake tir	ne do you	use earpl	ugs or earmuffs	s?	_%			
[Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understant that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	(If YES) Do you ever use earplugs or earmu	ıffs in fai	rly quiet si	tuations?					
[Note to clinician: Some patients have difficulty understanding the point of this question. Another way to phrase it "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs because sounds are too loud for you when they seem normal to other people around you?" The concern is that people with sound tolerance problems may wear hearing protection in fairly qui situations out of fear that they will encounter an uncomfortably loud sound. That behavior would be considered overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the sound tolerance problem to worsen. These patients need to understant that use of hearing protection can lead to greater sensitivity to sound, thus exacerbating their sound tolerance problem.] (Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	□ No □ Yes								
(Clinician: does patient overprotect ears due to problems with sound tolerance?)	[Note to clinician: Some patients have diffice "Do you ever use earplugs or earmuffs became around you?" The concern is that people wis situations out of fear that they will encounte overprotecting ears, and is likely to cause the that use of hearing protection can lead to great the state of the state o	th sound r an unco e sound to	ds are too tolerance p mfortably olerance p	loud for you whoroblems may who loud sound. The roblem to wors	hen they s wear hear hat behavi en. These	eem norma ing protect or would be patients no	al to othe ion in for the considered to under the considered to under the united to the considered to under the considered to	her people airly quie dered anderstand	
	-	problem	s with sour	nd tolerance?)					
		P. Corem		30101 anec.)					

Version: February 7, 2022

Instructions for Using the Sound Tolerance Interview

The Sound Tolerance Interview (STI) is mostly self-explanatory. The clinician reads to the patient the instructions that appear at the beginning of the STI, and then reads each question (and response choices) in sequence. Notes to clinicians are embedded with some of the questions to provide clarification regarding the intent of the question, and to explain how to interpret potential responses.

The different sound tolerance conditions include <u>hyperacusis</u>, <u>misophonia</u>, <u>noise sensitivity</u>, <u>and phonophobia</u>. It is essential to understand these conditions differ. It is often the case that multiple sound tolerance conditions occur simultaneously. The definitions below can help to guide your impressions as you talk through the STI questions with your patient.

Hyperacusis = physical discomfort caused by sound at levels that are comfortable for most people. With hyperacusis, <u>all</u> sounds are uncomfortable once they reach a certain loudness level, which varies from person to person with hyperacusis. The source of the sound is irrelevant—when *any* sound reaches a certain level, it is uncomfortably loud. Hyperacusis is almost always a bilateral condition. There is a strong association between hyperacusis and tinnitus.

Misophonia = emotional reactions to sound. With misophonia, it is <u>not the loudness of a sound</u> that causes discomfort (as is the case with hyperacusis). Rather, it is an <u>emotional reaction to the sound</u> that causes it to be experienced as uncomfortable. It is common for a person with misophonia to find particular sounds to be uncomfortable at a relatively low level, but to find other sounds at the same level to be acceptable. Trigger sounds most typically involve those made by the mouth or nose, such as chewing, breathing, lip-smacking, crunching, sniffing, and swallowing. Other sounds people make can trigger reactions, such as repeated clicking of a ballpoint pen, typing, and foot tapping. Trigger sounds can include any sound in the environment that causes emotional reactions.

Noise sensitivity = general reactivity or discomfort (annoyance or feeling overwhelmed) due to a perceived noisy environment. Like misophonia, noise sensitivity is not driven by the intensity level or perceived loudness of sounds in the environment. People with noise sensitivity are typically most comfortable in a quiet environment. Noise sensitivity is highly prevalent in people who have experienced a traumatic brain injury (TBI). It is also associated with PTSD, depression, anxiety, and autism spectrum disorder.

Phonophobia = fear that a sound may occur that will result in discomfort, pain, or anxiety, or that will exacerbate an existing auditory disorder. Phonophobia does not pertain to negative reactions to sounds (as for hyperacusis, misophonia, and noise sensitivity), but rather the anticipatory fear that sound will be uncomfortable for any reason. Any of these sound tolerance conditions can cause a person to become phonophobic. People with phonophobia often do not want to venture outdoors because of the unpredictable nature of sounds in the outdoor environment. It would be common for a person with phonophobia to wear earplugs and/or earmuffs when outdoors (and indoors when away from the home).

Sound tolerance condition:	
□ Hyperacusis	
□ Misophonia	
□ Noise sensitivity	
□ Phonophobia	
□ None	
Comments:	

Version: February 7, 2022