Interdisciplinary Approach to Tinnitus Management

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Neil Cherian, MD

Neurology / Otoneurology

Goals

- Overview of The Cleveland Clinic Tinnitus Management Clinic, with focus on the roles of the neurologist and physical therapist
- Appreciate the potential contributions of the cervical spine and temporomandibular region on tinnitus
- Identify patients with tinnitus that may benefit from multidisciplinary management particularly those that demonstrate somatic modulation.

Demonstration of a bedside cervical spine and jaw exam (time permitting)

Goals (NC)

- Brief overview of The Cleveland Clinic Tinnitus Management Clinic, with focus on the role of the Neurologist
- Appreciate the potential contributions of the cervical spine and temporomandibular region on tinnitus
- Identify patients with tinnitus that may benefit from multidisciplinary management particularly those that demonstrate somatic modulation
- Identify patients that may benefit from further neurologic evaluation, headache medicine evaluation or otherwise

(Nothing to disclose. No external funding)



Quote

There's an insect in your ear

If you scratch it won't disappear.

It's gonna itch and burn and sting

Do you wanna see what the scratching brings!

Paul Hewson

U2 - Staring at the Sun

CCF Tinnitus Management Clinic

- Started by Craig Newman and Sharon Sandridge
 - 15 years ago (Audiology only)
 - 10 years ago (Full Team)
- Multidisciplinary
- A Shared Medical Appointment up to 6 patients per session
 (CCF is pro collaboration IMATCH, CPRP...)



CCF Tinnitus Management Clinic

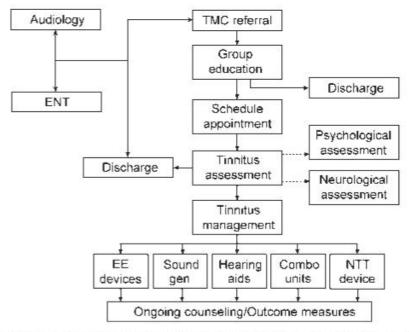


Figure 1 Overview of the Tinnitus Management Clinic (TMC) clinical pathway. Combo, combination; EE, environmental enhancement; ENT, ear, nose, throat physician (otolaryngologist); Gen, generators; NTT, Neuromonics Tinnitus Treatment.

Seminars in Hearing 2008

TMC - Pre-Visit

- Medical Clearance provided by the referral ENT (int or ext)
 - Basic ENT evaluation (at the least)
 - Comprehensive audiometry
 - Possible imaging head MRI and or temporal bone CT
- Questionnaires completed
 - Tinnitus description, aggravating / alleviating factors, treatments to date
 - Tinnitus Handicap Inventory (THI)
 - Tinnitus Functional Index (TFI)
 - Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9) for assessing the severity of depression
 - Generalized Anxiety Disorder (GAD-7)
 - Headache Disability Index (HDI)
 - Dizziness Handicap Inventory (DHI)
 - Neck Disability Index (NDI)



TMC - Visit

- Folder of various materials provided
- Patient self-introduction to the group
- Didactic portion (90 min total)
 - Audiology prevalence and origins of tinnitus, available options in the treatment/management of tinnitus, and realistic expectations for treatment outcome
 - Auditory Neuroscience (Jim Kaltenbach, PhD)
 - Dentistry (Karyn Kahn, DDS)
 - Physical Therapy (Tod Kokensparger, PT / Kay Cherian, DPT)
 - Psychology (Scott Bea, PsyD)
 - Neurology (Neil Cherian, MD)
- Total time: 3.5 hours (30 min intro, 90 min one on one screens)



TMC - Individual Screens

 The basic purpose of the screen visit is to ascertain whether a full evaluation is needed

- 15 min with each provider
- Audiology
- Dentistry (Karyn Kahn, DDS)
- Physical Therapy (Tod Kokensparger, PT / Kay Cherian, DPT)
- Psychology (Scott Bea, PsyD)
- Neurology (Neil Cherian, MD)



TMC – Individual Screens: Neurology

Attempt to ascertain the presence of any pertinent elements:

- Vestibular dysfunction
- Various headache disorders (migraine, tension headache, cervicogenic HA)
- Other pain syndromes (such as fibromyalgia, regional pain syndromes, atypical facial pain)
- Phenomenon of somatic modulation (as described by Robert A. Levine, MD).

TMC - Individual Screens: Neurology

History:

- Specific questions about the onset / evolution / character of the tinnitus
- Hearing questions, presence of hyperacusis?
- Ear pain / discomfort
- Jaw pain / discomfort
- Neck pain / discomfort
- Headache
- Dizziness, Imbalance
- Significant past medical history? Head trauma?

TMC – Individual Screens: Neurology

Examination:

Cervical spine

Somatic Modulation

Office Exam of the Neck (in the seated pos)

- Posture
- Range of Movement (looking for symmetry)
 - Active
 - Extension, Flexion, Total Cervical Rotation
 - Passive
 - Total Cervical Rotation
 - Flexion, Sidebend
 - Upper Cervical Rotation (In flexed position) ***
- Survey of Pain / Tenderness (Palpation)
 - Suboccipital region
 - Paracervical region / Lateral processes of C1 vertebrae
 - Occipital groove and one vert level below (Occipital nerve region)

Levine SMTz Protocol

		EFFECTS of PRESSURE		
	CONDITION	TINNITUS LOUDNESS	TINNITUS PITCH	
	BASELINE			
	CLENCH			
	FINGERS LOCKED			
	HIP FLEXION L			
	HIP FLEXION R			
	KNEES APART			
	KNEES TOGETHER			
	DELTOID L			
	DELTOID R			
	FOREHEAD			
	BACK			
	TEMPLE L			
	TEMPLE R			
	TURN L			
	TURN R			
	JAW PRESSURE			
	VERTEX			
	SCM L			
	SCM F			
\rightarrow	DISTRACTION			
	OPEN JAW	\		
	AGAINST RESIST			
	PROTRUDE			
	AGAINST RESIST			
	RETRACT			
	LEFT			
	AGAINST RESIST			
	RIGHT			
	AGAINST RESIST			

Levine 2004



TMC – Takeaways

- The program has been well-received and has a wait list of patients
- Patient feedback has included:
 - Increases in acceptance of a tinnitus diagnosis
 - A deeper understanding of the complexities of tinnitus and the auditory system
 - Diminished feelings of being marginalized by other medical providers

TMC - Publications

Papers:

Strategies for Managing Patients with Tinnitus: A Clinical Pathway Model. Seminars in Hearing – 2008

Tinnitus: Patients just do not have to live with it. Cleveland Clinic Journal of Medicine - 2011

Posters:

Common Factors of Patients that attend a Multidisciplinary Tinnitus Management Clinic - CSM 2014

Characteristics of Patients with Somatic Tinnitus American Auditory Society – March 2017

- 70% of patients demonstrated somatic tinnitus. C/w Levine

TMC - Post-visit

 Team discussion of each patient with screeners providing input / recommendations

- After-visit summary letter with recommendations mailed to patient
- Patient decision of how to move forward







Buddhist Temple. NSW, Australia

"Full" Neurology evaluation

- Positive screen from TMC screening
- Patients referred from "friendly" sources
- "Atypical" tinnitus
 - Unilateral, new-onset, no hearing loss
 - No clear anatomic pathology
- Presence of significant headache, facial pain and or dizziness / imbalance
- Somatic tinnitus (not all cases)







Headache

Cervicogenic HA

Dizzy

Cervically-mediated dizziness

Tinnitus

Somatic Tinnitus



My Physical Tools in the Office

Stethoscope, ophthalmoscope, otoscope

 256Hz tuning fork – High intensity hit – amplitude, change in weighting of various higher order harmonics?

Safety pins

Cotton swab

Hand held massager

Office Evaluation

- HPI
 - Evolution of symptoms: Dizzy / Imbalance, Headache, Tinnitus
 - Other otologic symptoms: hearing loss / fluctuation, distortion, pain
- Review of:
 - PMHx: previous dizziness / head trauma, headaches / migraine ?
 - FamHx: vestibular disorders, headache / migraine

Examination

- Blood Pressure / Pulse
- General Medical
- Otologic exam
 - Tympanic membranes, Tuning fork (Weber / Rinne), Finger rub



Office Evaluation (cont'd)

- Ophthalmologic exam:
 - Visual fields, pupil size / reactivity
 - Eye movements Smooth pursuits (vs choppy), presence of nystagmus?
 (Ability to elicit dizziness can sometimes indicate cervical spine activation)
- General Neurologic Exam
 - Mental Status
 - Motor / Sensory / Reflexes (MSRs)
 - Coordination
- Gait / Balance
 - Romberg / Sharpened Romberg (tandem-modified)
 - Base / Stance
 - Stability, pivots, arm swing
 - Usual gait, tandem (forward / reversed), Stress gait (heels / toes)
- Cervical spine exam



Otoneurology: My Practice

- Diagnostic Tools:
 - History / Physical exam
 - Videonystagmography(VNG), calorics, rotational chair; VEMP
 - Audiometry
- Advanced-level neck and or jaw physical therapy (McKenzie and beyond). Other mechanical modalities may be helpful (Chiropractic care, Osteopathic manipulation, Medical massage)
- Medication options: (all off-label for tinnitus)
 - Various oral medications (gabapentin, duloxetine, amitriptyline...)
 - IV medications (headache infusion)
 - Occipital nerve blocks / trigger point injections
 - Botox (PREEMPT protocol for chronic migraine)



Somatic Modulation of Tinnitus

- The ability to temporarily change (inc/dec) the loudness or pitch characteristics of tinnitus with neck and/or jaw contractions
- Possible Patterns
 - Chewing / eating-related
 - Activity / Posture-related
 - Temporal patterns of worsening (worse in the evening?)
 - Correlation with headaches and/or dizziness
- Described in the literature (Incompletely studied)
 - Bob Levine, MD, PhD (clinical, related research) moved to Israel
 - Susan Shore, PhD (basic science) U of M
 - Tanit Ganz Sanchez, MD, PhD (clinical, related research) Brazil
 - Sara Michiels, PT, PhD Belgium

What Questions does SMTz raise?

Can/should everyone be able to modulate?

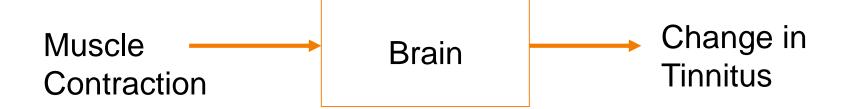
What is the basis of modulability?

 Is there necessarily a disorder of the cervical spine or TMJ?

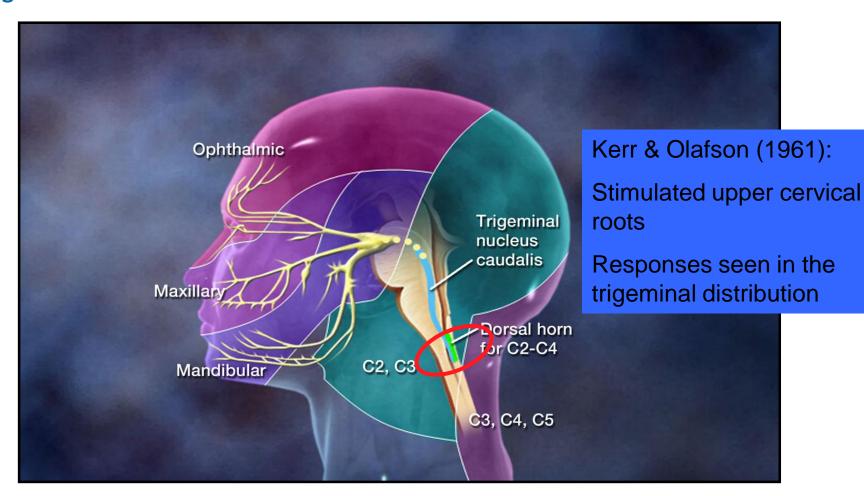
Does the presence of SMTz predict treatability?

Systems Engineering approach





Trigeminal Nucleus Caudalis (Spinal Nucleus of the Trigeminal Nerve) / Trigeminocervical Nucleus



Concepts to Consider

- Central sensitization (photophobia, phonophobia, osmophobia)
 - Related phenomena include allodynia to pinprick, windup

- Correlation
 - Temporal (calendar)
 - Temporal (episodic)

- Triangulation (method of anatomic localization)
 - Ipsilateral facial palsy, sensory deficit or hearing symptom?

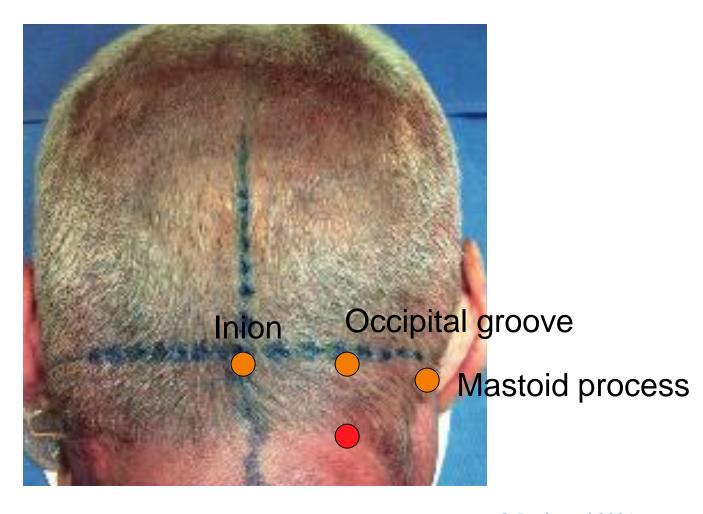
Pearls

What can a normal medical evaluation miss? (ENT, Gen medical, Neurology)

- Potential role of migraine / subclinical migraine (no headache)
- Subclinical ear hit (normal VTB, bias of interpretation?)
 - Similar to Hidden hearing loss?
 - Interictal BPPV with normal testing?
- Normal head imaging does not equal no neurologic problem
- The ear is really a nerve / neural process
 - Neuritic involvement of the ear?



GON Injections



© Dash et al 2004



Positive responses to Occipital Nerve Injection (published + anecdoctal)

- •Headache
- Dizziness
- Tinnitus
- Change in posterior vertex sensation
- Improvement in Cervical ROM
- Head pressure / head heaviness

- Change in energy
- Syncope (improvement or triggering)
- Jaw pain / tenderness
- •Eye pain
- Diplopia (often monocular)
- Gaze-evoked symptoms:
 - Headache; Eye pain
 - Dizziness
 - Neck pain



Role of Greater Occipital Nerve (GON) Trigger Point Injections

Baron / Cherian / Tepper - 2011

- •Retrospective review of 147 consecutive patients who received GON injections for presumed cervicogenic symptoms (headache, dizziness, tinnitus...)
- Headache / Dizzy (Lightheadedness) symptoms often improved proportionally
- Subjective improvement in Cervical ROM

Other studies in the literature regarding GON inj:

Cluster headache / Basilar migraine / Migraine / Tinnitus



Role of Greater Occipital Nerve (GON) Trigger Point Injections

Tinnitus

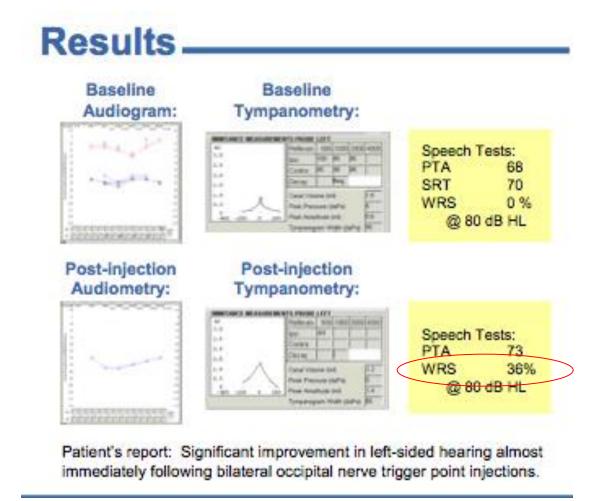
- 33 patients w/ tinnitus
 - 6 w/ tinnitus as presenting complaint
- 10/33 (30%) improvement following GON inj
- 7/10 responders Reported a subjective improvement in cervical ROM

7/10 responders - Reported a reduction in headache intensity

Improvement in Hearing following GON injections

- Poster I presented at ARO 2008
- 53y/o F
- Clear history of left-sided Meniere's Disease
- Presented to me with left ear fullness and vague dizziness (not her previous vertigo)
- Change in symptoms during neck exam / resisted movements
- Left-sided GON inj performed resolution of symptoms x 8 months
- Repeat GON w/ pre and post audiometry

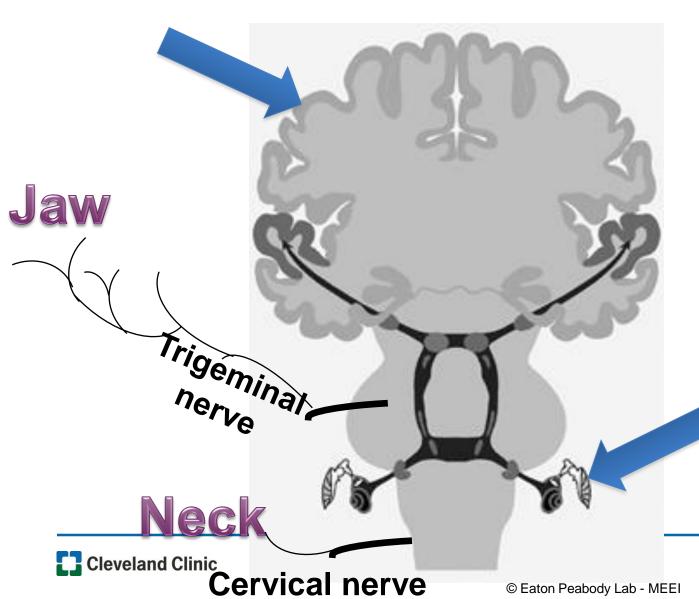
Improvement in Hearing following GON injections



Thank you!



Force Transmission



Parenchymal (through the skull)

Vestibular Apparatus (inside temporal bone)

© Eaton Peabody Lab - MEEI

CROM Device

- 3D Goniometer
- Measures ROM (in degrees)
- Supine testing of FRT
- Magnets
 - Contraindicated w/ pacers

